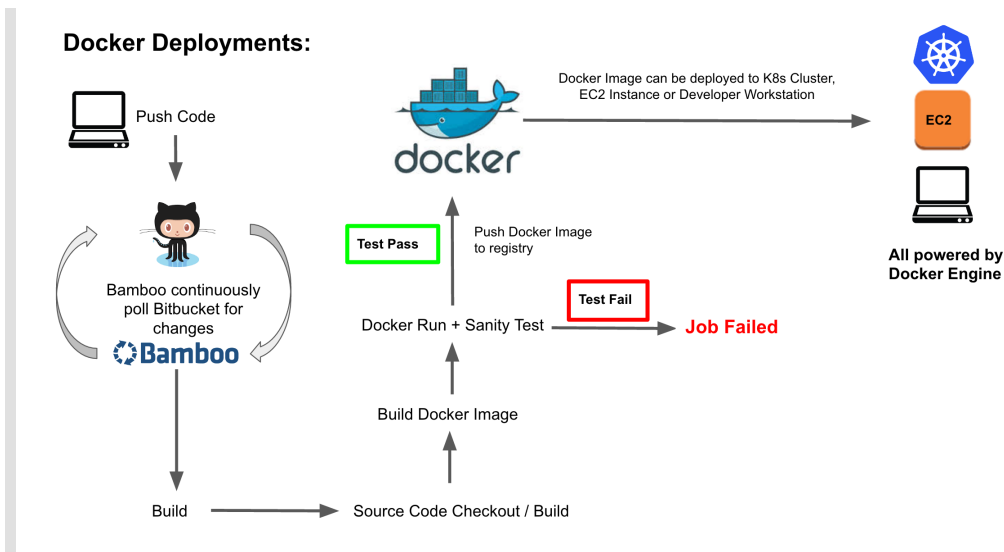


Project - Deploy to AWS EC2 (AWS Route 53 + AWS RDS Postgrest)



Web Deployment Preparation

- Create A New GitHub Repository
- Create `.gitignore`
- Create `requirements.txt`
- Create `.env`
- Connect github

- Create A New GitHub Repository

[GitHub Repository](#)



- Connect GitHub

```

-> git init
-> git add .
-> git commit -m "first commit"
-> git branch -M main
-> git remote add origin
git@github.com:ericarthuang/Copy_Learning_Django.git
-> git push -u origin main
    
```

Sepup Django Project

- Setup Venv to Create Project

```
python -m venv venv
venv\Scripts\activate.bat
```

- Create Project

- pip install django
- django-admin -> django-admin --version
- django-admin startproject djangotoec2_main
- change root- djangotoec2_main' to DjangoToEC2_Project`
- cd djangotoec2_main -> python manage.py runserver

- Creating apps and Register App & URL

- Creating app

-> py manage.py startapp blog_app

- Register App

-> In djangotoec2_main/settings.py , add blog_app in the INSTALLED_APPS list

-> Open the file blog_app/views.py

- Register URL

-> Create a URLconf file called urls.py in blog_app folder

-> Point the root URLconf at the blog_app.urls module

-> In djangotoec2_main/urls.py , add import for django.urls.include and insert an include() in the urlpatterns list

- urls, views, templates, and static

- In djangotoec2_main/urls.py , insert an path in the urlpatterns list

-> path('', include('blog_app.urls')),

- In djangotoec2_main/views.py , define the index(request) for index.html

-> Can define multiple html in djangotoec2_main/views.py to link htmlfiles in templates

templates

- Using `templates` folder to keep htmlfiles

-> Create `templates` folder in 'blog_app' folder

-> Create htmlfiles in the 'templates' folder

-> *Can create multiple folders for multiple apps -> `bLog_app` folder -> `tempLates` folder -> `bLog_app` folder -> htmlfiles*

-> *NOTICE: The Name of Folder should be sames as app**

- Create `base.html` for htmlfiles

static

- Using `static` folder to keep css, images, and other static files

-> Create `static` folder in 'blog_app' folder

-> Create `static` files in `static` folder

-> *Can create multiple folders for multiple apps*

-> *`bLog_app` folder -> `static` folder -> `bLog_app` folder -> css, images, and other static files*

-> *NOTICE: The Name of Folder should be sames as app**

- Put `{% load static %}` in `base.html`

-> `<link rel="stylesheet" href="{% static 'blog_app/main.css' %}">`

- Config Static and Media files for deployment

- go to `settings.py`

-> `DEBUG = (os.getenv('DEBUG_VALUE') == 'True')`

-> `STATIC_ROOT = os.path.join(BASE_DIR, 'staticfiles')`

-> `python manage.py collectstatic`

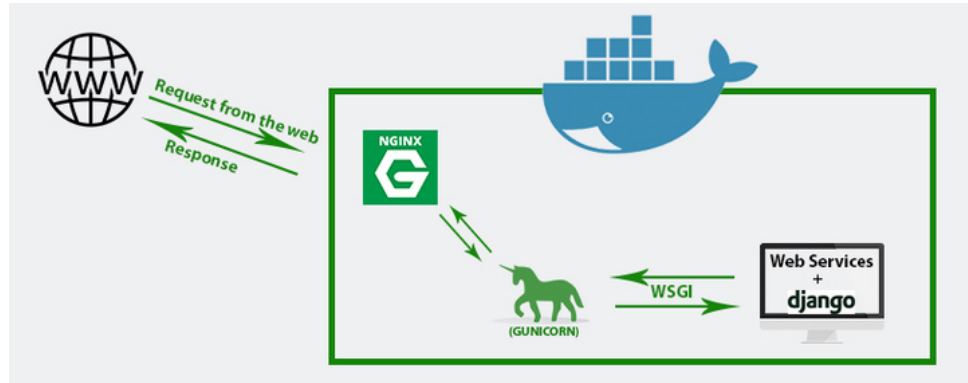
- Admin Page

- CMD: `python manage.py makemigrations`
- CMD: `python manage.py migrate`
- CMD: `python manage.py createsuperuser`

-> go to `http://127.0.0.1:8000/admin/` for logining

-> go to `http://127.0.0.1:8000/admin/auth/user/1/change/` to know the hassing password

Containerize Django and Nginx



What is NGINX?

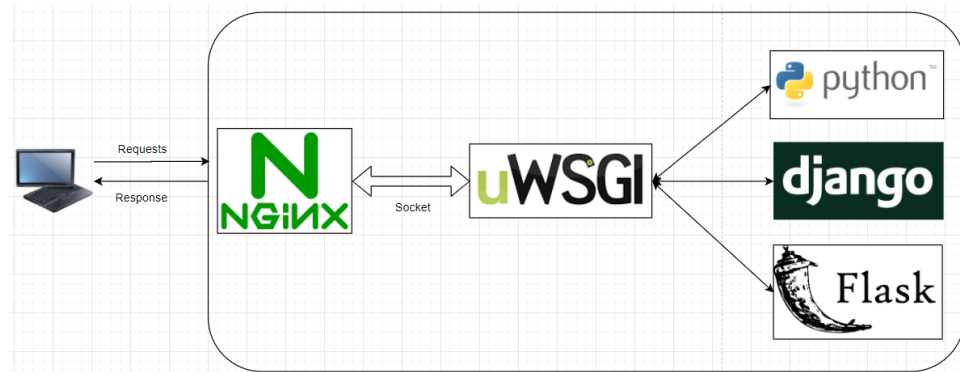


NGINX Open Source

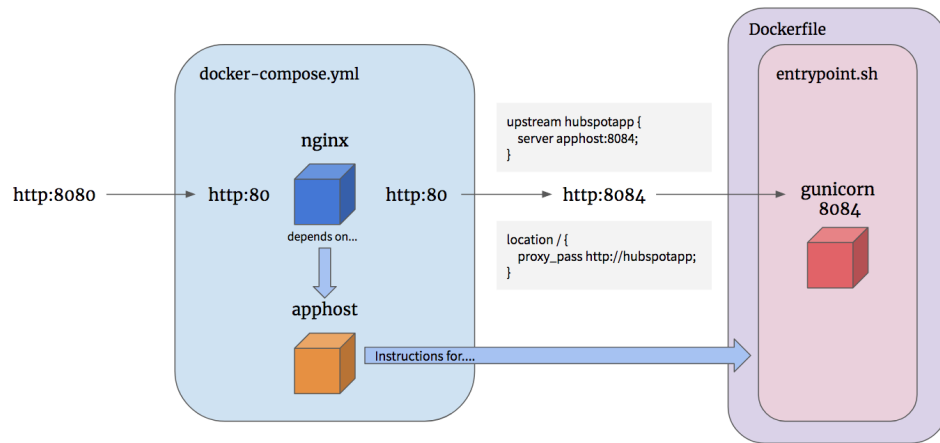
- Basic load balancer
- Content Cache
- Web Server
- Reverse Proxy
- SSL termination
- Rate limiting
- Basic authentication
- 7 metrics

NGINX Plus

- + Advanced load balancer
- + Health checks
- + Session persistence
- + Least time alg
- + Cache purging
- + High Availability
- + JWT Authentication
- + OpenID Connect SSO
- + NGINX Plus API
- + Dynamic modules
- + 90+ metrics



Docker compose flow for local execution



- Create Dockerfile outside Project

```
FROM python:3.10.8-slim-buster
WORKDIR /app
COPY ./DjangoToEC2_Project ./
RUN pip install --upgrade pip --no-cache-dir && \
    pip install -r /app/requirements.txt --no-cache-dir
CMD ["python", "manage.py", "runserver", "0.0.0.0:8000"]
#CMD ["waitress-serve", "--listen=0.0.0.0:8000",
#"djangotoec2_main.wsgi:application"]
#CMD ["gunicorn" "djangotoec2_main.wsgi:application", "--
bind", "0.0.0.0:8000"]
```

- Create Docker Image

- `docker build -t djangotoec2:1.0 .`

- Create Docker Repository and push Image to Repository

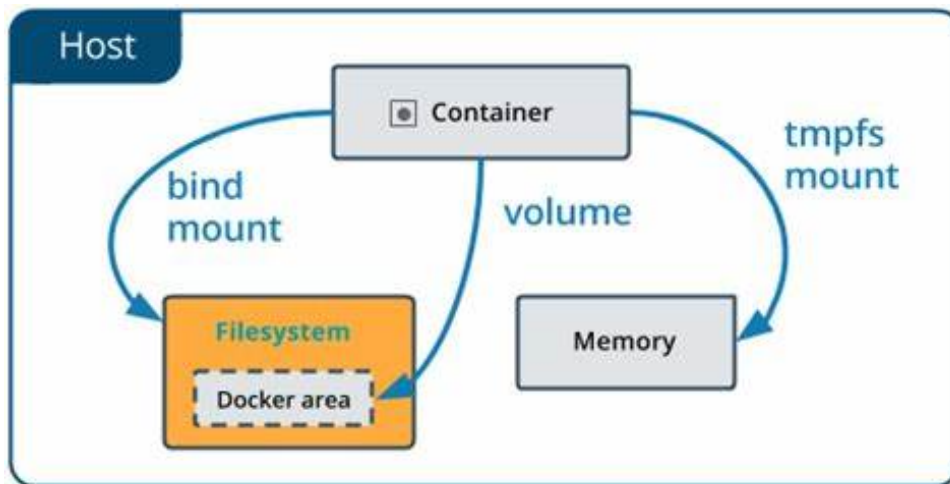
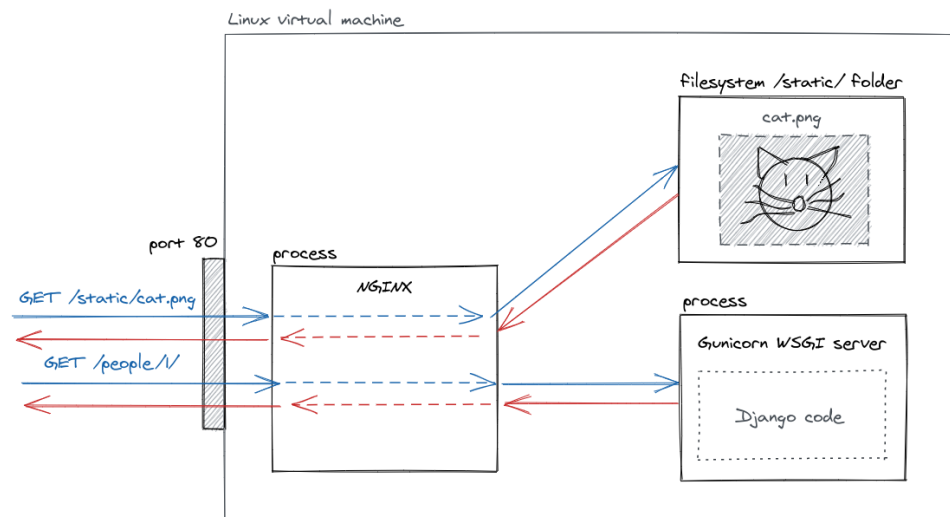
- Create New Repository: `ericarthaung/djangotoawsec2`

```
-> docker tag djangotoec2:1.0 ericarthaung/djangotoawsec2:1.0
-> docker push ericarthaung/djangotoawsec2:1.0
-> docker pull ericarthaung/djangotoawsec2:1.0
```

- Create Docker Container

```
-> docker run --name djangotoec2 -it -d -p 8000:8000 djangotoec2:1.0
-> docker run --name djangotoec2 -it -d -p 8000:8000
ericarthaung/djangotoawsec2:1.0
```

Create Container by using docker-compose.yml



- Create `nginx` folder outside Project
- Create `default.conf` in `nginx` folder
- Create `Dockerfile` in `nginx` folder
- Create `docker-compose.yml` outside Project

-> `docker-compose build`
 -> `docker-compose up`

- Setup `.env`

-> `pip install python-decouple`

- modify `settings.py`

-> `from decouple import config -> SECRET_KEY = config('SECRET_KEY') -> DEBUG = config('DEBUG', default=False, cast=bool)`

- modify `docker-compose.yml`

```
services:
  django_app:
    env_file:
      - .env
```

- rebuild images and containers

AWS Service - RDS - Postgrest



- CMD: `pip install psycopg2`

- Django Example

-> Delete `db.sqlite3`

-> In `settings.py`

```
DATABASES = {
  'default': {
    'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.postgresql',
    'NAME': '<DB_NAME>',
    'USER': '<DB_USER>',
    'PASSWORD': '<DB_PASSWORD>',
    'HOST': '<DB_HOST>', (database Connectivity & security-
Endpoint)
    'PORT': '<DB_PORT>',
  }
}
```

AWS RDS

- Create Database

-> Choose a database creation method: Standard Create

-> Engine options: PostgreSQL

-> Templates: Free Tier

-> Settings: (link with `.env`)

-> Connectivity-Public access: yes

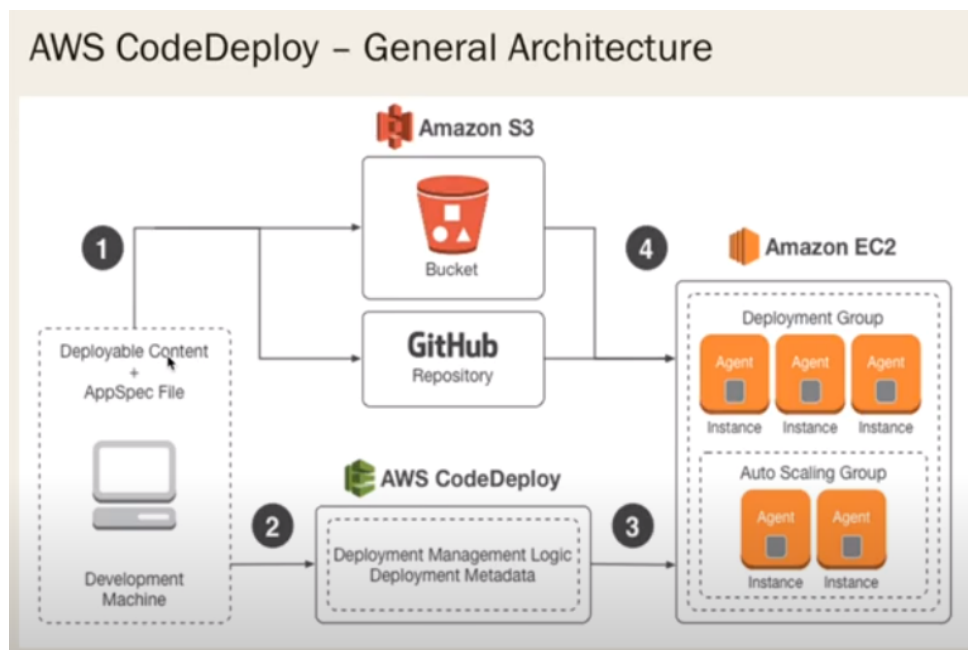
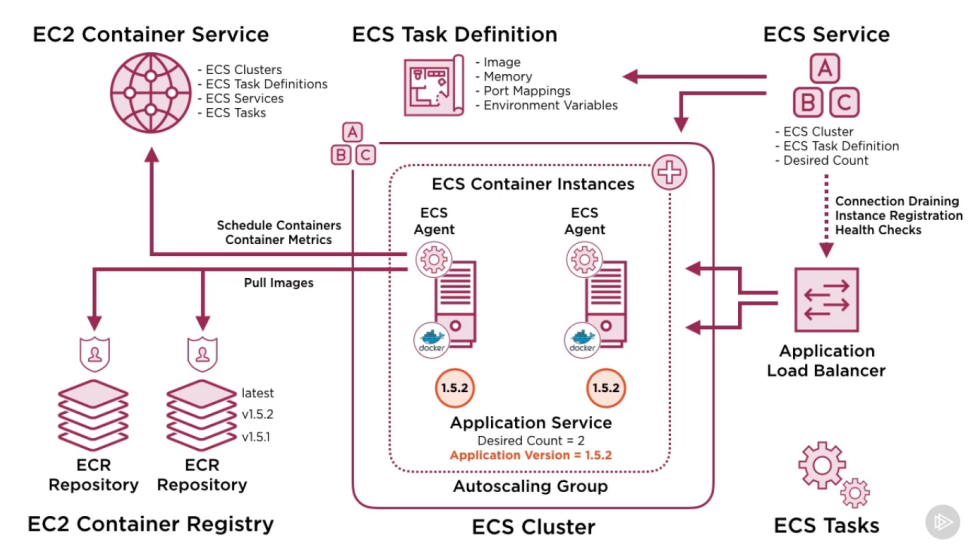
-> Connectivity- VPC security group(firewall): Create New: SG for DB;

- > Connectivity- Additional configuration: 5432
- > Additional configuration - Initial database name:

- CMD: python manage.py makemigrations
- CMD: python manage.py migrate
- CMD: python manage.py createsuperuser

AWS Service - AWS EC2

AWS EC2



- Launch instance: Create a virtual machine

- EC2 Dashboard

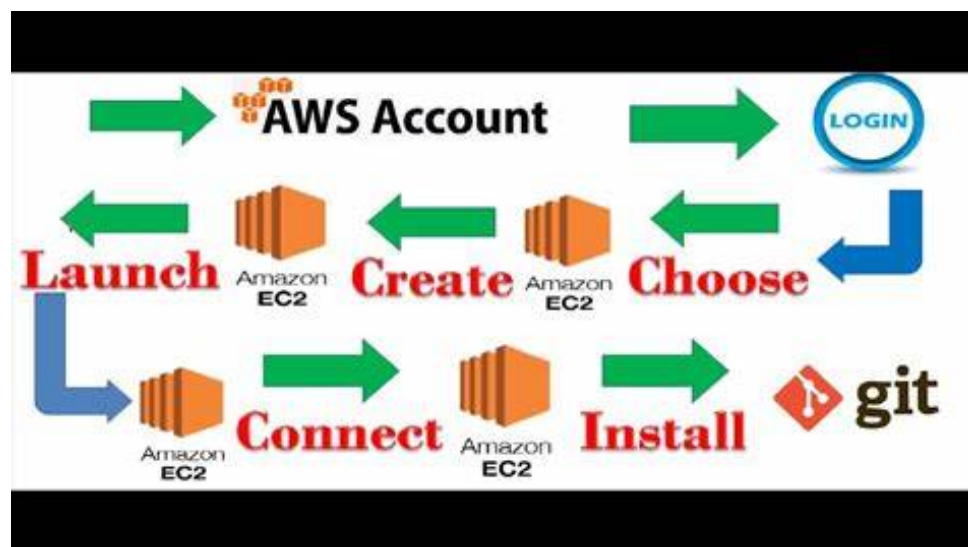
- > Name and tags
- > Application and OS Images (Amazon Machine Image - Amazon Linux)
- > Instance type
- > Key pair (login): Create new key pair(Keep the filename.pem)
- > Network settings
- > Configure storage
- > Launch Instance
- View Instance

- Connect EC2

- > Choose Instance
- > Press Connect
- > EC2 Instance Connect (browser-based SSH connection)
- > CMD: `chmod 400 DjangoToEC2.pem`
- > CMD: `ssh -i "DjangoToEC2.pem" ec2-user@ec2-175-41-205-149.ap-northeast-1.compute.amazonaws.com`

- Install Git in AWS EC2 Instance

- > `sudo yum update -y`
- > `sudo yum install git -y`
- > `git --version`



- Install Docker in AWS EC2 Instance

- > `sudo amazon-linux-extras install docker`
- > `sudo service docker start`
- > `sudo usermod -a -G docker ec2-user`
- > `sudo chkconfig docker on`
- > `sudo yum install -y git`

```
-> sudo reboot
-> docker --version
```

- Connect RDS Postgres with EC2 connection

- Running Web Service in AWS EC2

```
-> CMD: ssh -i "DjangoToEC2.pem" ec2-user@ec2-175-41-205-149.ap-northeast-1.compute.amazonaws.com
```

```
-> sudo curl -L
https://github.com/docker/compose/releases/latest/download/docker-
compose-\$\(uname -s\)-\$\(uname -m\) -o /usr/local/bin/docker-compose
-> sudo chmod +x /usr/local/bin/docker-compose
-> docker --version
-> docker-compose version
```

- Install Docker-Compose in AWS EC2 Instance

```
-> sudo curl -L
https://github.com/docker/compose/releases/latest/download/docker-
compose-\$\(uname -s\)-\$\(uname -m\) -o /usr/local/bin/docker-compose
-> sudo chmod +x /usr/local/bin/docker-compose
-> docker-compose version
```

- git clone GitHub Repository

```
-> git clone
https://github.com/ericarthuang/DjangoToEC2\_Project.git
-> ls -> cd DjangoToEC2_Project
-> ls -a
-> vi .env -> paste .env into vi .env -> docker-compose up --build
```

AWS Service - AWS Route 53

- Create hosted zone

```
-> Domain Name: djangotoes2.com
-> Type: Public hosted zone
-> Create hosted zone
```

- Go to Hosted zone details

```
-> Choose djangotoes2.com type: NS
-> Choose Value copy to your web(I don't have)
```

- Go to EC2 **Network & Security** : **Elastic IPs**

-> Allocate Elastic IP address -> Associate Elastic IP address: Instance -> Associate

- Go to EC2 Instance

-> **IPv4 Public IP**

- Go to Route 53

-> Create Record -> Paste **IPv4 Public IP** in **value** field -> Create Records

-> Create Record -> Record Name: www -> Record Type: CNAME -> Paste **djangoes2.com** in **value** field

-> Create Records

AWS Service - AWS Certificate Manager

- Request A Certificate

-> Domain names: **djangoes2.com**

-> DNS validation - recommended

-> Request

- View Detail of Certificate

-> Create Records in Route 53

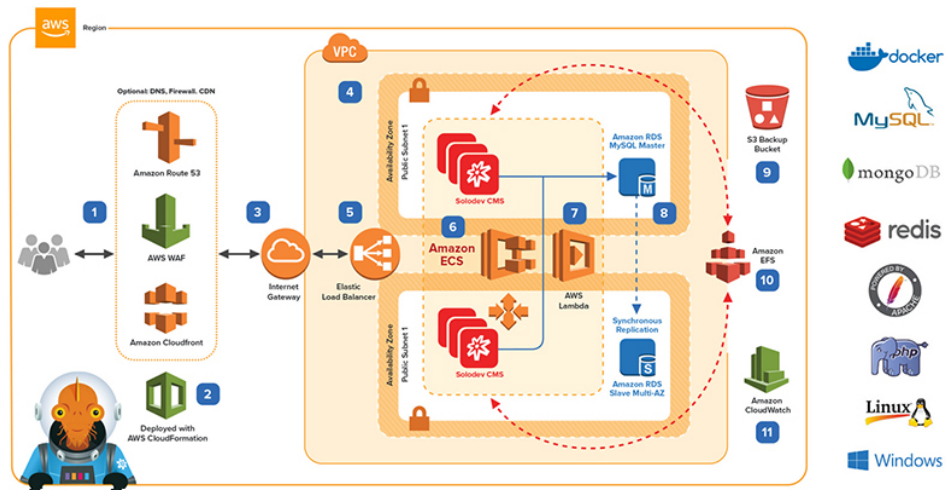
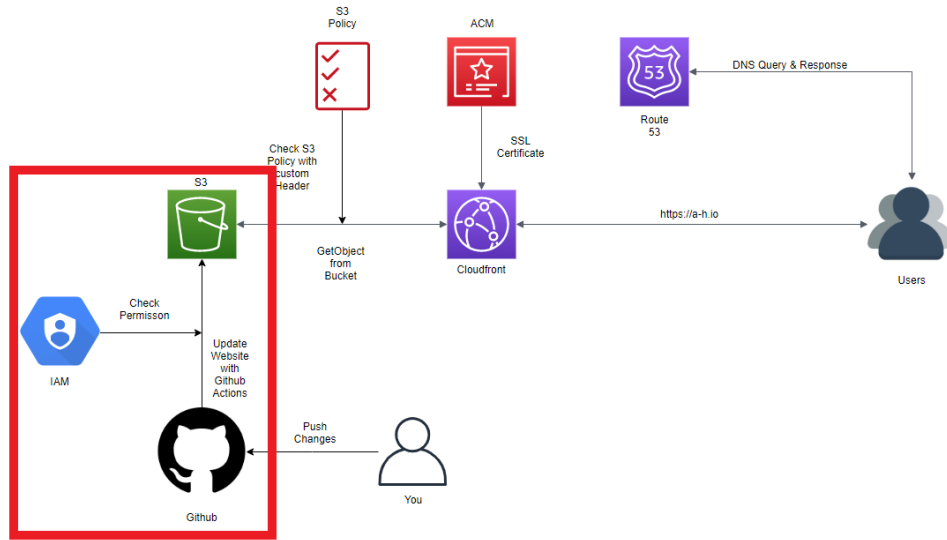
- Go to EC2 Instance

-> Load Balancing: Load Balancers

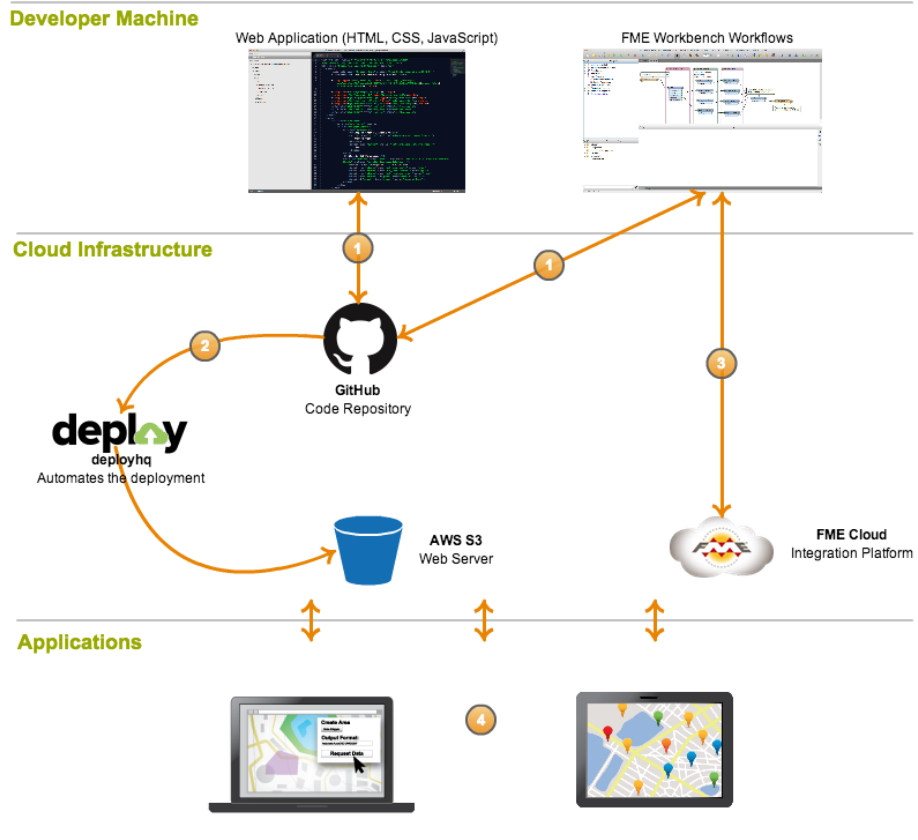
-> Create Load Balancer

-> Application Load Balancer: Create -> Name: **my-lb**

-> ...



Using AWS S3 for File Uploads



Create AWS S3 Bucket

AWS S3 Website

- [Create AWS S3 Bucket](#)

-> `django-learning-files`

- Permission
- CORS Configuration

```
[
  {
    "AllowedHeaders": [
      "*"
    ],
    "AllowedMethods": [
      "GET",
      "PUT",
      "POST",
      "DELETE"
    ],
    "AllowedOrigins": [
      "*"
    ],
    "ExposeHeaders": [
      "Access-Control-Allow-Origin"
    ]
  }
]
```

```
}
]
```

Create New User in AWS S3

- [IAM](#)
- Add Users

-> django_user(Select AWS credential type: Access key - Programmatic access)

-> Attach existing policies directly

-> AmazonS3FullAccess

-> Access key ID + Secret access key

Link Django with AWS3 and Using .env to Store the Secrete Variables

- `pip install boto3`
- `pip install django-storages`
- `pip install python-dotenv`

```
import os
from dotenv import load_dotenv
load_dotenv()
os.getenv('ENV_VAR')
```

- `setup .env`

-> AWS_STORAGE_BUCKET_NAME=*****

-> AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID=*****

-> AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=*****

- Go to `settings.py`

```
-> import os
-> from dotenv import load_dotenv
-> load_dotenv()
-> INSTALLED_APPS = ` [storages] `
-> AWS_STORAGE_BUCKET_NAME =
os.getenv('AWS_STORAGE_BUCKET_NAME')
-> AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID = os.getenv('AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID')
-> AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY = os.getenv('AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY')
-> AWS_S3_FILE_OVERWRITE = False
-> AWS_DEFAULT_ACL = None
-> DEFAULT_FILE_STORAGE =
'stores.backends.s3boto3.S3Boto3Storage'
```

- go to `user_app/models.py`

-> # can not use below code due to AWS S3 for resizing images

- upload images to the AWS S3 BUCKET

Upload and Download files to AWS S3

[Reference: Upload and Download files from AWS S3 Bucket using python](#)

```
# .ENV VARS CONFIG
load_dotenv()
aws_bucket_name = os.getenv('AWS_STORAGE_BUCKET_NAME')
aws_access_key_id = os.getenv('AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID')
aws_secret_access_key= os.getenv('AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY')

# S3 BUCKET CONFIG
s3 = boto3.resource("s3")
my_bucket = s3.Bucket(aws_bucket_name)
my_bucket.upload_file(Key='index.html',
Filename='./index.html')
my_bucket.download_file(Key='index.html',
Filename='./index.html')
```

-- Memo End --